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<https://doi.org/10.61796/ejcbt.v1i7.795>**ISSUES OF PRODUCTION DEVELOPMENT IN
INDUSTRIAL ENTERPRISES****Yadgarov Akram Akbarovich**DSc., professor of the institute International
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Abstract: In the article, the volume of industrial products produced by industrial enterprises to meet the growing needs of the population from year to year, as well as ensuring the employment of the country's population as a necessity for the development of production enterprises in industrial development, is analytically studied on the basis of statistical indicators. As a result of improving the production of industrial products, as well as ensuring the domestic market, the issues of priority development of industrial development by directing industrial products to export have been studied, suggestions and recommendations have been made

Keywords: industrial products, industrial development, industrial production index, industrial processing enterprises, import and export issues.

This is an open-access article under the [CC-BY 4.0](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/) license**Introduction**

Today, industrial sectors and enterprises operating in them have their place in improving the well-being of the population of the republic and increasing the gross domestic product per capita in the country. In the industrial development of our republic, one of the urgent tasks of our time is to further accelerate the ongoing economic reforms in terms of the accelerated development of manufacturing enterprises and the creation of broad opportunities for industrial development.

In the Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On the Development Strategy of the New Uzbekistan for 2022-2026", directly based on the idea of "New Uzbekistan - a country of competitive products", 200 exporters were selected on the basis of open competition, making them leading exporters and supporting them in every possible way. In accordance with the requirements aimed at increasing the volume of finished products and semi-finished products in the export structure by 3.3 times, expanding the export of finished products to European countries within the framework of the GSP + system, identifying issues of introducing new mechanisms for the development of exports based on ensuring the competitiveness of goods in free economic zones [1].

In the industrial development of our country, in order to ensure industrial development by attracting foreign investments to the regions in order to develop the country's economy by launching new production facilities and expanding the service areas for industrial sectors, creating permanent jobs, social infrastructure it is advisable to consistently continue the measures aimed at further improving the industries and strengthening the export potential of the regions.

Literature review.

The Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated October 12, 2023 No. PF-169 "On additional measures for the accelerated development of industry and its basic sectors" directly states "The development of industry based on high technologies in the country solves the issues of rapid development of industries, expansion of production of competitive finished products by attracting private investment in industries, increasing the income of the population by creating new industries in the regions, introducing a management system based on advanced international standards in large industries" [5].

By the Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated November 21, 2023 No. PF-198 "On additional measures aimed at producing high-quality and competitive products in certain industries" was exported to confectionery enterprises at the expense of Armas, and the following amounts of financial resources were allocated for a period of 2 years to finance trade operations related to exports, based on the volume of exports carried out over the past 12 months, in particular: for an export volume of up to 500 thousand US dollars - from 1 to one million US dollars; for an export volume from 500 thousand US dollars to 4 million US dollars - up to 2 million US dollars; for an export volume exceeding 4 million US dollars - up to 3 million US dollars [6].

Regarding the development of industrial sectors at a priority level, attention has been paid to the issues of economic assessment of the effectiveness of the implementation of various investment-economic projects by attracting investment funds for industrial development. Scientists of the CIS also put forward their views on issues related to the problems of increasing the efficiency of investment activities of industrial enterprises, which are largely related to the correctly chosen strategy of their development and management [7].

As one of the most developing sectors of the world economy, foreign researchers have also emphasized in their studies that industrial sectors, as a material production network, are considered an important support for the stable operation of all other sectors and industries except the industry itself [8].

Methods

Official statistical data, comparative analytical methods, comparative analysis of tables and graphs were widely used in the implementation of this research. The statistical data of the Statistical Agency under the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan were used for the analysis

Result and Discussion

It is important to evaluate the possibilities and prospects of industrial production of the Republic of Uzbekistan from an economic point of view. Determining the economic potential of production enterprises located in the territories of our country, summarizing them, determining the total potential of industries and the economy is a necessary condition. Because it is necessary to calculate the production potential of enterprises, as well as to redistribute production resources in the future and implement a rational investment policy.

In 2023, the city of Tashkent made the biggest contribution to the formation of GDP of the republic with a 17,1% share. Tashkent and Navoi regions occupy the next places with indicators of 10,1% and 7,7%. The smallest share in the formation of the republic's GDP was given to the

Syrdarya region (2,0%), the Republic of Karakalpakstan (3,1%) and the Jizzakh region (3,1%) [10].

Gross domestic product in Tashkent is 181,8596 billion. amounted to soums and increased by 9,3% compared to 2022. 105,7% growth was observed in the industrial sector (30,0% share of GDP), 101,1% (9,1%) in construction and 112,6% (60,9%) in the service sector. GNP per capita amounted to 60,6482 thousand soums and increased by 6,1% [10].

The issue of sustainable development of industrial enterprises is primarily related to the economic efficiency of industrial enterprises. It is known that in the development of production, two different factors are in action: quantity and quality, extensive and intensive, i.e. expanding (prolonging) and strengthening, strengthening factors. In other words, if the field of production is expanded, there will be extensive re-production; if even more efficient means of production are used, intensively expanded reproduction occurs.

In terms of industrial development, measures aimed at the consistent development of production enterprises in the regions and adopted in time served to create the necessary conditions for the development of industrial sectors at a stable pace. This was a positive factor for improving the quality of industrial production development. In recent years, the growth rate of industrial production has been high.

The index of the physical volume of industrial production is a relative indicator describing the change in the volume of manufactured products (works, services) in comparable periods.

Due to the distribution of production of industrial products per capita in the regions of our republic and the location of large industrial enterprises, Navoi region (95,361 thousand soums), Tashkent city (41,228 thousand soums) and Tashkent region (34,990 thousand soums) soums) is significantly higher than the average national level (18,011 thousand soums).

553,3 trln. soums, its share in total industrial production was 84,4%. Tashkent city (18,9%), Tashkent region (16,1%), Navoi region 15,5%), Andijan region (11,2%) and Farg have a high share in total industrial production in the republic in January-December 2023. Mother region contributed (5,6%). Also, compared to the corresponding period of the previous year, higher FHI was observed in Jizzakh region (107,4%), Andijan region (107,3%) and Namangan region (107,2%).

As of 2024, 69,4 thousand industrial enterprises are operating in our republic, of which 11,8 thousand (17,0% of the total number of registered enterprises) are in Tashkent, 7,8 thousand (11,2 %) to Fergana region, 7,3 thousand (10,5 %) to Tashkent region, 6,2 thousand (8,9 %) to Samarkand region and 5,5 thousand (7,9 %) to Andijan region.

If we look at the total number of enterprises operating in the Republic of Uzbekistan, in 2020 there were 70,576, and by 2023, there were 98,805 and it increased to 28,229. By 2024, there was a sharp decrease compared to 2023. The share of industrial enterprises in total operating enterprises is 14,3 percent.

The volume of production of industrial products by the enterprises operating in our country has been almost increasing in the last 5 years. In particular, in 2020, the volume of production of industrial products per capita was 9,605 thousand soums, and as of 2024, it was 18,011 thousand soums, twice as much as in 2020. tumor observed.

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Mining industry and open pit mining includes the extraction of natural minerals that are solid (coal, ore), liquid (oil) or gaseous (natural gas). The volume of products produced by the enterprises of the mining industry and open-pit mining industry in January-December 2023 is 55,2 trillion. soums or its share in the total volume of manufactured industrial products was 8,4%.

Compared to the corresponding period of last year, the share of the high-tech sector in the manufacturing industry is 1.4% (in January-December 2022 – 2,1%), medium-high technology – 24,8% (23, 1 %), medium-low technology - 37.5 % (36,8 %), low technology 36.3 % (38,0 %).

The share of production, repair and installation of machinery and equipment, production of motor vehicles, trailers, semi-trailers and other finished products in the total manufacturing industry is 22,4% (compared to January-December 2022 physical volume index 107,4%), share of metallurgical industry – 22,8% (physical volume index compared to January-December 2022 106,4%), share of textile, clothing, leather products production – 17,4 % (physical volume index compared to January-December 2022 was 107,2%).

The share of the production of food, beverages and tobacco products in the manufacturing industry is 15,6% (the physical volume index is 105,9% compared to January-December 2022), the share of the production of chemical products, rubber and plastic products is 8,2% (physical volume index compared to January-December 2022 was 99,8%).

In the territories of our country, in January-December 2023, 1,333 thousand tons of gasoline were produced in the republic (increased by 6.0% compared to January-December 2022), 553,5 thousand tons of kalava yarn (decreased by 5,5%), 263,0 mln. liters of beer products (increased by 21,0%) and 1,128 000 tons of soft wheat and spelled flour (decreased by 35,1%) were produced.

Food production includes edible agricultural, forestry and fishery products (food), soft drinks, mineral waters and other bottled waters. According to the results of January-December 2023 in our country, the share of food production in the manufacturing industry is 11,8%, and the physical volume index has increased by 6,2% compared to the corresponding period of the previous year. and the production volume is 65,1747 bln. amounted to soums

Conclusion

Due to the expansion of industrial cooperation in our country, the implementation of 6 billion dollar localization projects in the regions and the timely launch of about 3 thousand projects included in regional investment programs were determined. As a result of research, the following conclusions were reached:

1. There is an increasing need to study a number of theoretical, practical, methodological and organizational issues related to the implementation of transformation processes in industrial enterprises. Experience in transformation is formed step by step, and as a result, the deepening of transformation processes in the industry from year to year ensures the rapid development of enterprises.
2. Increasing the efficiency of development of industrial sectors requires solving a number of issues. It is important to create a full-fledged market mechanism in the network, to organize modern management in them, to improve the network structure, to increase the quality of the manufactured products, to modernize the network by applying modern techniques and technologies to production.
3. The main goal of the development of Uzbekistan's industry is not only to strive to increase the growth rate in this sector of the economy, but also to develop priority sectors and production through the rational use of the potential of natural resources, to form its modern structure, to increase the competitiveness and efficiency of the country's industry in the foreign and domestic markets. consists of formation.
4. For the industrial development of our country, it is appropriate to pay special attention to the development of production enterprises in the regions, the creation of new production enterprises, the opening of industrial enterprises specializing in the production of exportable products that meet the demands of the modern world, the restoration of the

activities of economically weak enterprises on the basis of subsidies, and the attraction of investments

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