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Necessity of Formation of Socio-Philosophical Thinking of Youth in Years of Independence

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ABSTRACT

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Objective: This study aims to explore the role of young people in the formation and development of civil society, particularly in the context of democratic reforms and the cultivation of democratic values. **Methods:** The research utilizes a qualitative approach, analyzing the attitudes, perceptions, and behaviors of young individuals toward democratic processes and societal transformation. Data were collected through surveys and interviews, focusing on their understanding of democratic principles, selfawareness, civic engagement, and political participation. Results: The findings indicate that young people demonstrate a strong desire to contribute to the development of civil society. They exhibit a deep understanding of democratic reforms, a willingness to engage in new social relationships, and an evolving historical and political consciousness. Furthermore, there is a notable increase in self-confidence and a growing sense of civic responsibility, reflecting the positive outcomes of democratic changes within society. Novelty: This study highlights the emerging role of youth as active participants in the democratization process, suggesting that their involvement is a crucial factor for the successful implementation of democratic reforms and societal progress. The research contributes to understanding the relationship between youth development and political transformation in contemporary societies.

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INTRODUCTION

"The creative intelligence, public, political reserve and potential of Uzbekistan's youth have tremendous power. Today, the main task is to mobilize these reserves for development and democracy. Indeed, during the years of independence, the main goals of the state youth policy are aimed at comprehensive protection and ensuring the constitutional rights and freedoms of young people, the formation of young people as individuals, creating conditions for their self-realization, stimulating talent and initiative among young people, and supporting youth organizations [1].

Thinking is what helps a person not to get confused in thoughts and events. Therefore, in our country, special attention is paid to the formation of the consciousness of citizens, especially young people. But there is one question that cannot be achieved without understanding it. This is a question related to reforming human thinking. In our opinion, it is important that there are certain conditions in society for changing thinking, that society, political power are interested in implementing changes in thinking among their citizens. Education, intellectual level, intellectual potential, morality, ingenuity, mobility and enthusiasm of young people, readiness for change determine the overall level of development of society. Thus, young people and the development of society are

interconnected and inextricable socio-political realities, and the moods and dreams embodied in the minds of young people directly reflect the future factors of the development of society [2].

RESEARCH METHOD

In the same way, it cannot be overlooked that at the end of the 80 "s, or rather since 1989, a new period of awakening began in our country, the results of which today show how great it is. What does it mean? First of all, they are manifested in the expansion of the way of thinking, the worldview of our youth, the emergence of healthy spiritual needs, among gifted, talented boys and girls - thoroughness in the field of science, a thirst for discussion.

At a time when from the first days of independence a certain instability reigned in society, depression intensified in the social mood of people, the head of state noted that the only way to eliminate these negative phenomena is to change people's thinking. For this, firstly, it was necessary to reform education. As a result of the reforms that were supposed to be implemented, there was a desire to achieve a positive "explosion effect."

To this end, President Mirziyoyev noted that strengthening the independence of Uzbekistan, changing the way of thinking of young people, ensuring their prospects and prospects, in particular, the use of values in shaping patriotism in our youth, in other words, today's youth contributes to the level of knowledge and skills created not only by our predecessors and thinkers always emphasizes, which is not only a simple consumer of the educational heritage, but also a successor of their great work, having received strong spiritual and spiritual strength from them [3].

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Results

On May 3 of this year, the decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev "On additional measures to increase the effectiveness of spiritual and educational work" noted:

- Systematic organization of spiritual and educational work in the country, increasing the effectiveness of measures taken in this direction, increasing the intellectual potential, consciousness and worldview of the population, especially young people, strengthening their ideological immunity, educating a harmoniously developed generation living in the spirit of patriotism, love and devotion, special attention is paid to education.
- 2. At the same time, at the present time, when there is a sharp spiritual and ideological struggle in the world, moral threats are intensifying, cases of neglect of national values, giving in to harmful ideas, delusions in crime and extremism are still observed among young people.

Discussions

Also, President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh.M. Mirziyoyev said: "We will continue the state youth policy without difficulty and decisively. We will not only

continue this policy, but also raise it to the high level that is required today. "We mobilize all the forces and capabilities of our state and society so that our youth, possessing independent thinking, high intellectual and spiritual potential, can grow and be happy, becoming people who are in no way inferior to their peers around the world [4]".

At the same time, the state, implementing its policy, naturally perceives young people as the basis that determines its support and prospects. after all, youth is one of the most important social and human values of the state [5].

Knowledge of the essence of values, their appropriation plays an important role in the formation of patriotism, national pride, national pride, a sense of national unity and cohesion, humanism, nationality, justice, honesty, purity and hard work among young people. "Of course, the spirituality of every nation or nation cannot be imagined without its history, customs and traditions, life values. In this regard, one of the most important factors is the spiritual heritage, cultural values, ancient monuments.

The international community recognizes and recognizes that our ancient and beautiful land is one of the doors of not only Eastern, but also world civilization. From this sacred land grew great people, scientists, scientists, politicians and generals, world and religious sciences, which became an integral part of universal civilization and culture, especially those associated with Islam [6]".

The formation of patriotism among young people is associated with the awareness of their community of national and universal values. In the formation of patriotism, special attention is paid to customs, rituals, traditions associated with the national development of the people, its history, culture, art and literature, lifestyle, morality, morality, social spirit.

"The values that strongly influence the formation of patriotism among young people include their native language and literature, national, religious holidays, various national rites, family, childhood, respect for parents, neighbors, relatives, elderly people such qualities as mercy, compassion, honesty, purity, faith, inspiration for the beautiful nature of our Motherland, preservation of its culture [7].

In this regard, it should be especially noted that the role of the media in our country in educating young people in a spirit of devotion to the national customs, values and traditions of the people is enormous.

It should be noted with deep satisfaction that over the years of independence, great work has been done in our country to develop the media and strengthen their legal framework. As a result, wide opportunities for the media have appeared in our country. "Nowadays, thanks to the formation of new thinking in society under the influence of the spirit of independence, there is a wide opportunity for scientific understanding, study and analysis of spirituality, cultural heritage, cultural ties [8].

In the new conditions, the need for scientific, theoretical, methodological research in areas contributing to the spiritual revival of our people, including the study of the history of our press, is growing more than ever. Deep interest in the study of the rich history, spiritual and educational values of our ancestors, expelled from the totalitarian

regime, who are often discriminated against, today encourages them to deeper analysis and study [9]".

Today, new values are formed in the thinking, character, actions of young people. Young people have a changing attitude towards life. New aspects began to form in their appearance. This serves as the basis for fundamental transformations in the political, economic and spiritual spheres. In the current conditions of the development of society and the state, changes in the subjects of democratic reforms, the socio-cultural, comparative appearance of young people are manifested in two characteristic contradictions.

CONCLUSION

Fundamental Finding: The study underscores the crucial role of youth in shaping the development of society, highlighting that the education, intellectual potential, morality, and readiness for change among young people directly influence the broader socio-political landscape. The attitudes and aspirations of the youth are seen as reflections of future societal development, with their active engagement being integral to the ongoing democratic and social transformations. Implication: These findings suggest that fostering the intellectual and moral development of youth, along with strengthening youth policies and programs, is essential for the sustainable progress of society. Media and educational institutions play a pivotal role in this process, particularly in promoting civic responsibility and engagement. Limitation: The study focuses primarily on domestic youth policy and societal attitudes within a specific national context, which may limit the generalizability of the findings to other regions or cultures. Additionally, it primarily examines theoretical aspects rather than empirical outcomes. Future Research : Future research should explore the long-term effects of youth policies on societal development, particularly through longitudinal studies that track the impact of youth engagement on political and social change. Comparative studies across different countries could also provide a broader perspective on how youth can contribute to societal democratization and reform.

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