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REFORMS IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE COTTON GINNING INDUSTRY

Xolmanova Feruza UralovnaDepartment of World History, Termiz State University
senior lecturer (PhD)feruzahalmanova@gmail.com

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Abstract: The history of the development of the agricultural sector in the Republic of Uzbekistan entered a new stage after the years of independence. Due to the fact that Surkhandarya region mainly specializes in cotton cultivation, the cotton ginning industry has a special place in the oasis. During the years of independence, new cotton ginning factories were built and put into operation in Surkhandarya, and great changes took place in the field of light industry.

Keywords: Cotton, Uzun, Denov, Khairabad, Shorchi, Kumkurgan, Raw Materials, "Jharkurgan Fiber", "Surkhanpakhtasanoatsotish", Regional Cotton Ginning Factories.

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Annotation

Complex measures are being implemented in our republic to develop the cotton sector, technical re-equipment of cotton ginning enterprises, increase the efficiency of production and processing of cotton raw materials, competitiveness of manufactured products. Because the demand for cotton and its products is constantly increasing, it shows the need to use modern techniques and technologies in the cotton cleaning industry.

Quality indicators of cotton and cotton products are one of the main tasks of the current market economy. In recent years, the demand of consumers for cotton products is increasing day by day. Because at present there is a great demand for quality products brought from abroad in the domestic markets of our Republic. Our main goal is to fill our domestic markets with quality products produced by ourselves, to increase their number and to increase the export potential of our republic. Cotton products should be able to compete in foreign and domestic markets. The issue of improving product quality and increasing and ensuring its competitiveness is of great importance for the further development of the economy of our republic. In the Republic of Uzbekistan, which became a member of the international ISO organization in 1992, a "quality" system was introduced to meet the main requirements for metrology and standardization.

If about 2 million tons of cotton fibers are grown in the entire Central Asia, about 1.5 million tons will be contributed by Uzbekistan. Uzbekistan occupies the fourth place in the world in terms of cotton production and the second place among cotton exporting countries.

Although Uzbekistan is considered the world's leader in cotton production, until 1991, the share of converting raw materials into semi-finished products and finished products did not exceed

7-10 percent. The rest of the cotton fiber was taken to other countries for processing.

In 1990, 11 existing cotton ginning plants produced 143,500 tons of cotton fiber in Surkhandarya region, and in 1991, this number was 145,400 tons. Surkhanpakhtasanoatsotish" XJ - exported cotton fiber in the amount of 27260.7 thousand dollars.

From the first period of independence, as in all industrial sectors, changes are visible in the activities of cotton ginning enterprises. We can see that the share of the cotton ginning industry in the industrial output of the region was 59.0% in 1991, and it decreased to 42.8% in 1995.

Until 1996, the strategy and trend of exporting cotton fiber continued, because textile enterprises had no opportunity to produce competitive ready-made textile products in the world market due to the old equipment and technologies used. The price of exported cotton fiber was much higher. As a result of these factors and as a result of structural changes in the industry, i.e. the development of the fuel energy complex and the production of automotive products, the share of the textile industry in the total volume of industrial production has significantly decreased. In 1991, the share of the textile industry was 29.7 percent, and in 2004 it was 17.6 percent. This indicator definitely shows the shortcomings of the industry.

Due to the fact that Surkhandarya region mainly specializes in cotton cultivation, the cotton ginning industry has a special place in the oasis. During the years of independence, new cotton ginning factories were built and put into operation in Surkhandarya.

Along with the construction of new cotton ginning factories in the region, work was carried out to arm the existing ones with new equipment and technologies. Thanks to the implemented reforms, 98.6 percent of the cotton wool produced in 2003 in the Denov cotton ginning enterprises met the requirements of the State Standard, an additional profit of 10.9 million soums was obtained, the factory compared to 1993, eleven has reached equal growth.

In 1995, the number of cotton ginning factories in the region increased by 2 more. An enterprise processing 30,000 tons of cotton per year was commissioned in Kumkurgan.

According to the data of 1997, there are a total of 12 cotton gins in our region: Uzun, Denov, Khairabad, Shorchi, Kumkurgan, Surkhan, Zharkurgan, Termiz, Muzrabot, Sherabad, Kyziriq, and Angor. while operating in the districts, their fiber production capacity was 230 thousand tons, 700-710 thousand tons of cotton raw material was able to be processed in one year.

The reason for the construction of factories with the capacity to process a large amount of cotton is the 5-year development of cotton production established by the Central Government of the Republic of Uzbekistan in 1980-85 to increase the production of cotton in the republic to 6 million, including 550-600 thousand tons in our region. is the decision on

The Termiz cotton ginning enterprise was considered the only thin-fiber cotton seed growing enterprise in the Republic according to paragraph 2 of the decision of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic No. 491 of November 25, 1998. The new selections grown by the only scientific experimental experimental station of cotton growing, which grows and tests thin-fiber cotton selections located in Termiz district, were also reproduced at this factory.

The technological process of the Termiz cotton ginning enterprise was adapted to the processing of seeds, equipped with modern new techniques, and fully met the requirements of the environmental pollution protection committee. The enterprise is adapted to the production of seeds of promising cotton selection.

In 1998, the enterprise produced an average of 809.0 million soums of goods, 75% of industrial production in Termiz was produced, and 77% of the manufactured goods were exported to foreign countries. This year, the enterprise made a profit of 17,768 thousand soums, and more than 500

workers and engineers and technicians worked in the enterprise. From this, according to the data of 1999, 282 women were provided with work.

This enterprise employs about 2,000 workers and servants, processes 2,000 tons of cotton fiber per year, and supplies "Notoqimato" production shops at the Uzun and Angor district cotton ginning factories belonging to the "Uzpakhtasanoatsotish" association with yarn. .

"Khairobodpakhta" JSC is one of the largest cotton ginning factories of our region. The enterprise currently produces products such as cotton fiber, seed and fluff. It has the capacity to produce high-quality fiber by more than 90-100 tons per night. Installation of two "UXK" batteries for cleaning cotton from small and large impurities, high-performance "DPZ-180" aggregates in the ginning workshop, "DP-82-37" cotton ginning equipment imported from Ukraine will increase productivity and quality. did

According to the decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan, starting from August 1, 2001, wages, benefits and social benefits increased by 1.4 times, in order to protect the social and economic interests of factory workers during the transition to the market economy, a number of things have been done. Starting from August 1, 2001, the minimum wage at the enterprise was set at 5,000 soums, and the workers' meal allowance was set at 350,000 soums. Financial support for funerals and weddings has been launched for low-income families and workers. This amount was from 10,000 to 15,000 and an additional fee was paid for working on weekends.

Based on the State Program "Year of Appreciation of the Elderly" in 2002 and in connection with the "October 1 Day of Coaches and Coaches", a holiday table was organized for a group of coaches and coaches who retired from "Hairobodpakhta" JSC, and 25 thousand, 15 thousand and 10 thousand sous Prize money was given in the amount of m. In 2002, every Monday was marked as "Quality Day" at the enterprise.

During the researched years, it was observed that the cotton fibers in the cotton ginning enterprises of the region decreased sharply. One of the main reasons for this is the reduction of the total cotton yield as a result of the reduction of cotton cultivation areas.

By 2013, there were 10 cotton ginning enterprises and 43 cotton processing facilities within the "Surkhondaryopakhtasanoat" association.

In 2016, the production of raw cotton in Uzbekistan made up 63-65% of the total production. This year, cotton ginning enterprises produced 62,400 tons of fiber, 7,400 tons of cotton seed and 85,200 tons of cotton lint. This is a positive indicator.

In conclusion, it can be said that today the number of processing enterprises in the region has increased. Cotton is processed in the enterprises established by entrepreneurs, cotton yarn and other types of industrial products are produced. As a result, the interests of farmers and the social lifestyle of our population are being improved.

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